Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Antimony Pentasulfide (For coloring of copper alloys)

1.CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Substance name(Product name): Antimony Pentasulfide (AS-S1)

Company name: NIHON SEIKO CO.,LTD.

Address 3-2 SHIMOMIYABI-CHO SHINJUKU-KU TOKYO

162-0822 JAPAN

Charge section
Phone number
Fax number
E-mail address

SALES DEPT.
+81-3-3235-0031
+81-3-3235-0034
mail@nihonseiko.co.jp

NAKASE REFINERY

QUALITY ASSURANCE SECTION

+81-79-667-2121

Recommended use and restriction

on use: Industrial materials: Surface preparation agent of Metal, etc.

2.HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification : Classification not possible or Not classified

GHS label:

Hazard pictogram
Signal word
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Precautionary statements
[Prevention]
Not applicable.

Not applicable.

[Response]

Not applicable.

[Storage]

Not applicable.

[Disposal]

Not applicable.

Other hazard not applicable to

GHS classification hazard: No information.

The summary of important signs

and assumed emergency:

No information.

3.COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Mixture: Substance

General product description: Antimony Pentasulfide

Other name:

Chemical property

(Chemical formula etc): Sb_2S_x X=3.0-5.0

CAS number: 1315-04-4

Component and its content: Sb:65-78%, S:17-30%

EINECS number: 215-255-5

Impurity and stabilizing additive that

contribute to GHS Classification: As:0.06%, Pb:0.10%

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4.FIRST AID MEASURES

Following inhalation: Move affected person to fresh air.

If you feel sick, seek medical attention.

Wash with water and remove clothes if necessary. Following skin contact: Following eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water, also under eyelids.

After ingestion: Rinse mouth with water.

If you feel sick, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects ,both acute and delayed:

Protection of person who do first

Special precaution statement

for doctor:

No information.

No information.

No information.

5.Fire-fighting measure

Extinguishing media: Use fire-fighting measures that suit the environment.

Water, Fire-extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide, etc.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Special hazards arising from the

Substance or mixture:

May generate sulfur and antimony oxide smog if heating or contact steam

of acid or acid.

No information.

Specific fire-fighting:

Protection for fire-fighter:

Move the container from fire area, if it can be done without risk.

Wear suitable protective equipment in fire-fighting.

6.Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency

procedures:

Avoid formation of dust.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep unprotected persons away.

It is advised to avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing – wear suitable

protective equipment. Avoid inhalation of dust.

Environmental precautions:

It is advised that in the event of an accidental release the product should be prevented from reaching the sewage system or any water course and

penetrating the soil.

Dispose of spilled material in accordance with the relevant regulations.

Methods and material for

Containment and cleaning up:

In any case avoid dust formation.

Sweep all spilled material or use an appropriate industrial vacuum cleaner. Collect spilled material in suitable containers or closed plastic bags for

recovery or disposal.

Prevention of second disaster:

For more information on exposure controls/personal protection or disposal

considerations, check section 8 and 13 of this safety data sheet.

7. Handling and storage

Handling:

Technological countermeasure (local ventilation/ General

Ventilation etc)

Provide a local dust collection system in the places where dust can be generated. Provide dust protective mask in the handling position.

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Safety precaution Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Work by wearing suitable protective equipment.

Avoid contact Check section 10.

Hygiene measure Avoid inhalation or ingestion.

General occupational hygiene measures are required to ensure a safe

handling of the substance.

These measures involve good personal and housekeeping practices

(i.e. regular cleaning with suitable cleaning devices). No eating, drinking and smoking at the work place.

Wash hands after use.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering

eating areas.

Shower and change clothes at end of work shift.

Do not wear contaminated clothing at home. Do not blow dust off with

compressed air.

Storage:

Safety storage condition Store in cool dark place with sealed state.

voluntary basis.

8.EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls: Prevent formation of dust where possible. Ensure appropriate

ventilation/exhaustion at machinery and places where dust can be generated. Any deposit of dust which cannot be avoided must be regularly removed using preferably appropriate industrial vacuum cleaners or central

vacuum systems.

Waste air is to be released into the atmosphere only when it has passed

through suitable dust separators.

Waste water generated during the production process or cleaning operations should be collected and should preferably be treated in an on-site waste water treatment plant which ensures efficient removal of antimony.

Exposure control limits

Effect of over exposure:

ACGIH(2020) 0.5mg/m³ TLV-TWA

(Antimony and compounds, as Sb)

Personal protective equipment:

Respiratory protection
Hand protection
Eye protection

Dust protective mask
Protective gloves
Protective glasses

Skin and body protection

Special precaution statement

Protective high boots and cloth
Avoid environmental discharge.

9.PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Physical state Solid
Figure Powder
Color Bister

Odor:
Odor threshold:
PH:
No information.
No information.
No information.
No information.
No information.
No information.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range: No information. Flash point: No information.

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Evaporation rate:

No information.

Flammability (solid, gas):

There is the behavior of flammability by heating or powerful

chemical reaction with the oxidizing agent.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

No information.

No information.

No information.

Relative density: 4.12

Solubility(ies):

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Auto-ignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

No information.

No information.

No information.

75°C

Viscosity: No information. Other: No information.

10.STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information.

Chemical stability: Under normal conditions of use and storage, the product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: When heated in the air, it burns with a blue flame and antimony

oxide and sulfur dioxide is generated.

It decomposes and generates toxic hydrogen sulfide if it meets strong

acids. Antimonic acid is generated when dissolved in alkali.

Conditions to avoid: Heating

Incompatible materials: Halogen, Strong acids/bases

Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen sulfide, Sulfur dioxide, Antimony oxide

Other: No information.

11.TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity (Oral): LD50 Oral, Rat :>10 mg/kg

LD50 Interperitoneal, Rat :1500mg/kg LD50 Interperitoneal, Mouse :458mg/kg

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Acute Toxicity (Dermal):

Acute Toxicity

(Inhalation: dust/mist): Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Acute Toxicity

(Inhalation: fume/vapors): Out of category to powder.

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.
Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Carcinogenicity:

Japan Society for Occupational

Health
ACGIH
Not classified as carcinogen.
Not classified as carcinogen.
Not classified as carcinogen.
NTP
Not classified as carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity:

STOT single exposure:

STOT repeated exposure:

Aspiration hazard:

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Classification not possible, because of a lack of information.

Other: No information.

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12.ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Antimony metal and antimony containing compounds will dissolve and generate antimony ions. The environmental section will therefore discuss the fate of antimony in general.

Ecotoxicity: The test result is given below

Acute aquatic toxicity test results:				
Marine fish	96 h LC50	=6.9 mg Sb/L (Takayanagi, 2001)		
[Red seabream, Pargus major]				
Freshwater fish	96 h LC50	=14.4 mg Sb/L (Brooke et al, 1986)		
[Pimephales promelas]				
Invertebrates	96 h LC50	=1.77 mg Sb/L (TAI, 1990)		
[Chlorohydra viridissimus]				
Algae	72 h ErC50	>36.6 mg Sb/L (Heijerick et al,2004)		
[Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata]	(growth rate)			
Plants [Lemna minor]	4 d EC50	> 25.5 mg Sb/L (Brooke et al, 1986)		
Chronic aquatic toxicity test results:				
Fish [Pimephales promelas]	28 d NOEC/LOEC	= 1.13/2.31 mg Sb/L (Kimball, 1978)		
	(growth; length)			
Invertebrates [Daphnia magna]	21 d NOEC/LOEC	= 1.74/3.13 mg Sb/L (Heijerick et al, 2003)		
	(reproduction)			
Algae	72 h NOEC/LOEC	= 2.11/4.00 mg Sb/L (Heijerick et al, 2004)		
[Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata]	(growth rate)			
Persistence and degradability:	,	Antimony cannot be degraded, but may be transformed between diffe		
	rent phases, chemical species, and oxidation states. Antimony is theref			
	ore considered to be persistent (P) and very persistent (vP) like any			
other metal.				
Bioaccumulative potential:		Bioaccumulation of antimony by both aquatic and terrestrial		
	organisms is low. A BCF of 40 has been determined for aquatic			
A 199.	organisms and a BSAF of 1 for earthworms.			
Mobility in soil:				
Hazardous to the ozone layer:		No information is provided about ozone depletion potential(ODP).		
Other:	No information.			

13 DISPOSAL	CONSIDER	ATIONS

Waste from residues: Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national

/international regulations(to be specified).

Contaminated container/packing: Dispose of contents in accordance with local/regional/national

/international regulations(to be specified).

14.TRANSPOT INFORMATION

International regulation:

UN code Not applicable.* Not applicable. Proper shipping name **UN Class** Not applicable. Packing group Not applicable. Marine pollutant Not applicable.

*UN regulation: The special provision SP45 is applicable to the UN number 1549 (Hazard class6.1 and packaging group III). It means that antimony sulfides and oxides, which contain not more than 0.5% of arsenic calculated on the total weight, are not subject to these regulations.

15.REGULATORY INFORMATION

Worldwide chemical inventories:

ENCS(Japan) 1-1154 TSCA(USA) Listed KE-09840 ECL(Korea)

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DSL(Canada) Not listed. NDSL is listed. PICCS(Philippines) Listed AICS(Australia) Listed IECSC(China) Listed Other regulatory information: Follow regulation and low of each country or region. 16. OTHER INFORMATION The contents of this information sheet are based on the data, Treatment of stated contents: information available at moments, and may be revised by additional data coming up in future. The precautions mentioned in this sheet are intended for normal use of this material, when use in unusual manner, the proper safety method is required. Read this SDS before use the ingredients. Keep this SDS in your file for your timely reference. The contents of this information sheet are not warranted and the company can accept no liability to any customer or any other person. 1.GHS taiou guideline References: Edit: Japan Chemical Industry Association Issuance: Japanese Standards Association 2. Antimony Trioxide SDS form of International Antimony Association (i2a) 3. [Kaiteidai3ban] Kinkyujioukyusochishishin Issuance: Japanese Standards Association 4. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Chemical Risk Information Platform (CHRIP)_Antimony 5.OECD-SIAM(October 14-16. 2012)SIDS Initial Assessment Profile 6. National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) Chemical Risk Information Platform (CHRIP)_ Antimony Pentasulfide

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7.TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS Model Regulations 17th

8. Kanagawa Environmental Research Center Antimony Pentasulfide